



Platform for Purification of Protein Complexes

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INTRODUCTION

Proteins are used in various research and biomedical applications. However, purification of a specific target protein from a complex mixture requires costly process development. Furthermore, current strategies rely on cumbersome or non-scalable purification techniques.

Solution: Employ **tangential-flow-filtration (TFF)** to define the molecular weight distribution of proteins in a complex mixture, then add a protein complexing agent to increase the size of the target protein beyond that of other proteins such that size-based separations allows for purification of the complex.

Demonstration: Proof-of concept of this approach was demonstrated via the isolation of the haptoglobin-hemoglobin (Hp-Hb) complex from Cohn Fraction IV paste and the complex between an anti-human serum albumin (HSA) immunoglobulin-G and HSA from serum.

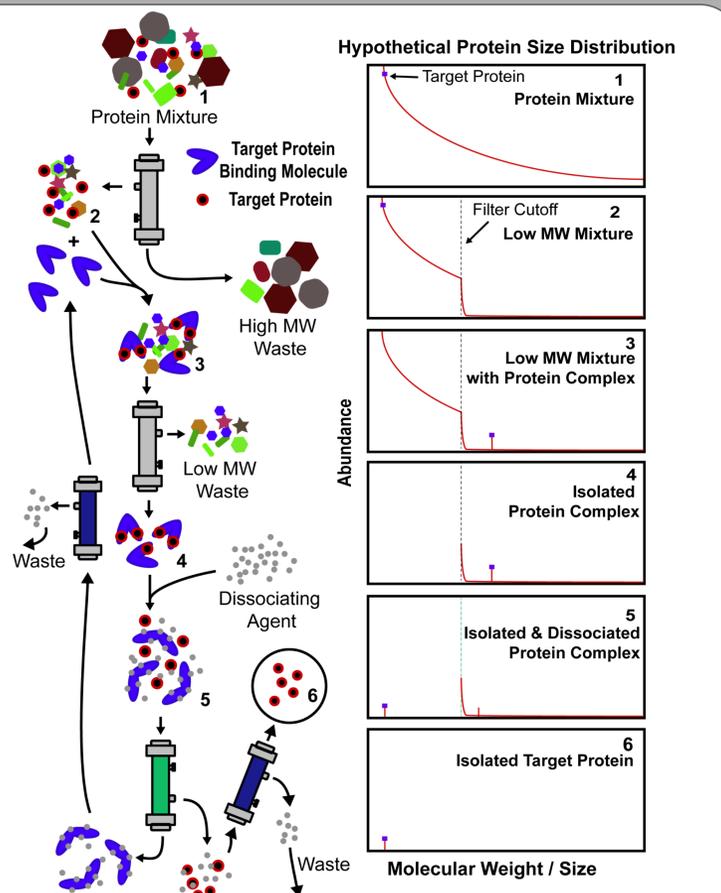


Figure 1: General schematic for purification of a target protein.

Results

Experimental results match the expected progression during purification and demonstrate feasibility of isolating a purified protein complex (Hb-Hp).

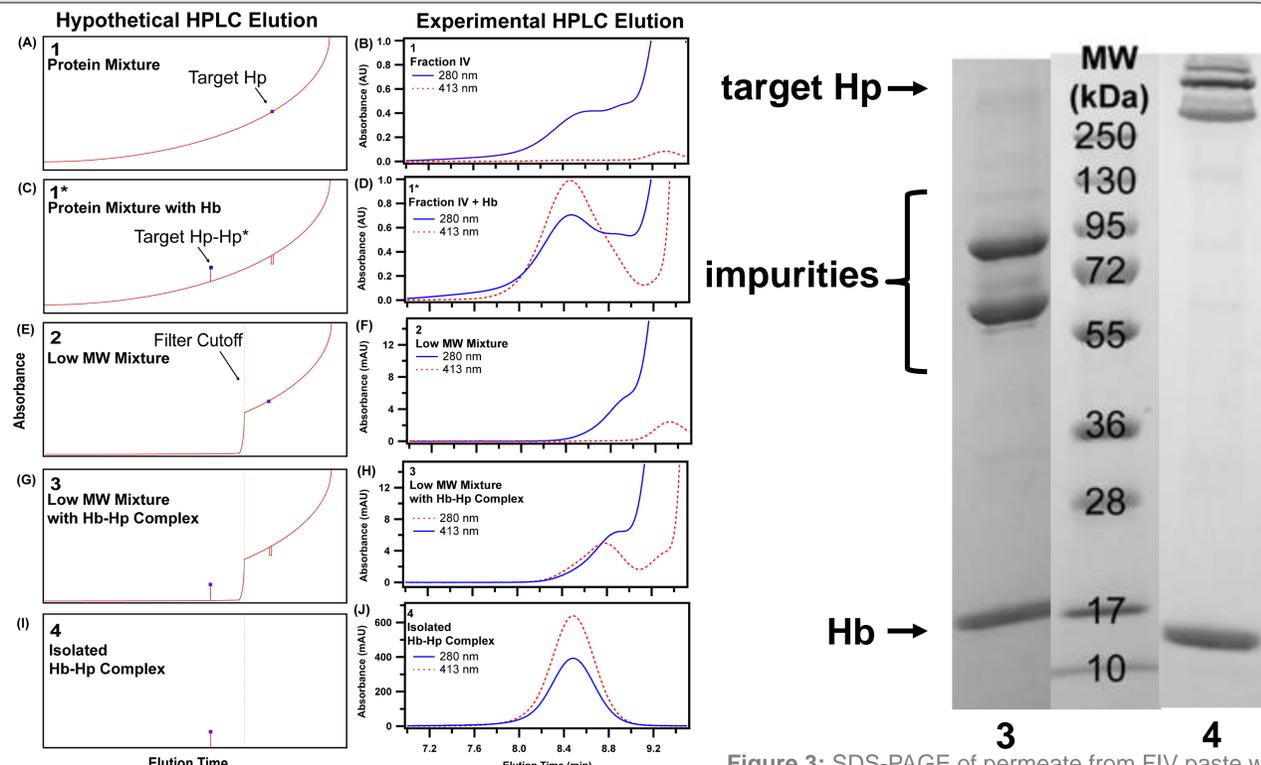


Figure 2: Theoretical HPLC-SEC curves (left) and experimentally obtained curves (right) for purification of the Hp-Hb complex.

Figure 3: SDS-PAGE of permeate from FIV paste with added Hb (left) and the isolated Hp-Hb complex (right).

Separation fundamentals allows for simple models

with predictive capability

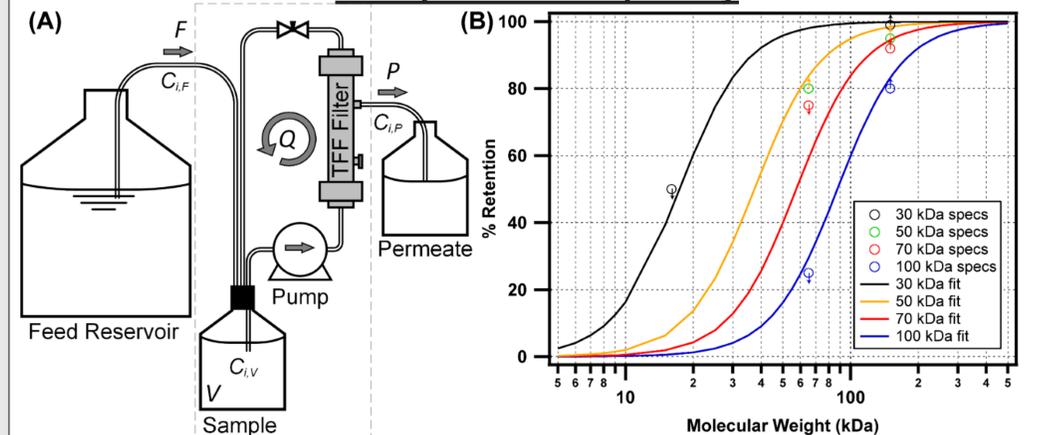


Figure 4: Diagram for modeling TFF process (A) and membrane molecular weight cutoff specifications (B).

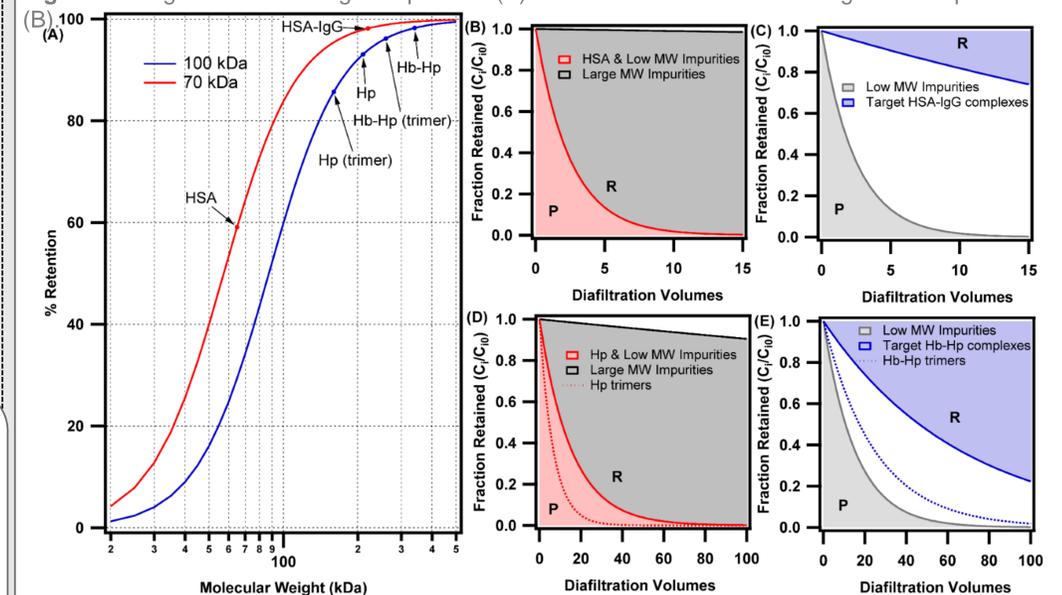


Figure 5: Example model results. (A) Estimated retention curves and the expected retention for the target species. (B) Separation of HSA and low MW species from large MW impurities using a 70 kDa TFF module. (C) Separation of HSA-IgG complexes from low MW species using a 70 kDa TFF module. (D) Separation of Hp and low MW species from large MW impurities using a 100 kDa TFF module. (E) Separation of Hp-Hb complexes from low MW impurities using a 100 kDa TFF module. Shading indicates the range of curves that could comprise the permeate (P) and retentate (R).

Benefits:

- Scalable
- TFF routinely used for concentration or buffer exchange
- Applicable to any target protein

BIBLIOGRAPHY

(1) Pires, I. S., Palmer, A.F. *Journal of Membrane Science* 618 (2021)

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